

**PHARMACOKINETIC AND 4-WEEK SAFETY/EFFICACY  
OF DOLUTEGRAVIR (S/GSKI349572) DISPERSIBLE  
TABLETS IN HIV-INFECTED CHILDREN AGED 4 WEEKS  
TO <6 YEARS:  
RESULTS FROM IMPAACT P1093**

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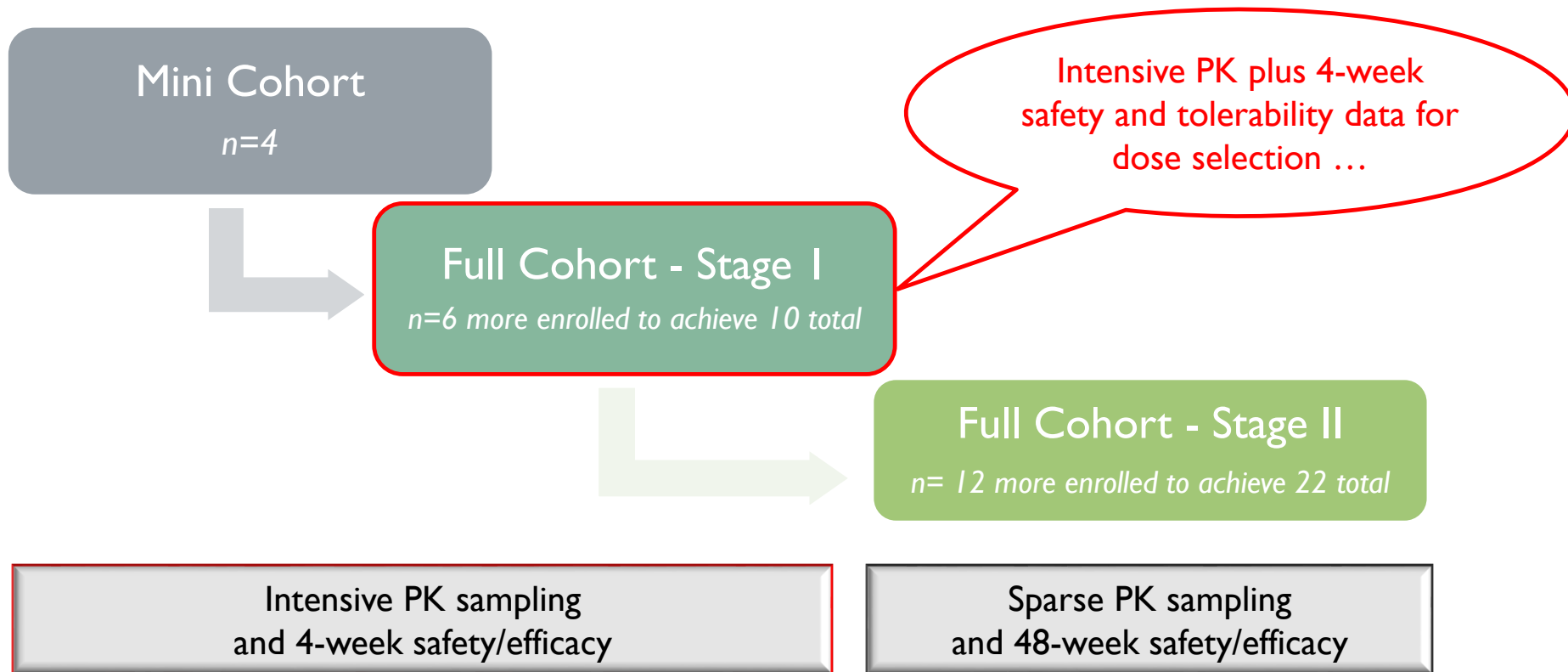


***INTERNATIONAL WORKSHOP ON HIV  
PEDIATRICS - JULY 20, 2018***

# BACKGROUND

- Dolutegravir (DTG) is a promising agent for children with HIV given its potency, high barrier to resistance, and tolerability.
- IMPAACT P1093 is an ongoing phase I/2 open-label pharmacokinetic (PK), safety, and dose-finding regulatory study of DTG in children
  - Film-coated tablets approved for older children in the USA and EU.
  - Dispersible tablets (DTG-DT) of 5mg developed for younger children and infants
- *Here we present the intensive PK and 4-week safety (primary outcomes), as well tolerability and efficacy data for DTG-DT in children ages 4 weeks to < 6 years*

# PI093 DESIGN – DOSE DETERMINATION BY AGE COHORTS



- Cohort I: Adolescents  $\geq 12$  to  $< 18$  years of age (Tablet formulation)
- Cohort IIA: Children  $\geq 6$  to  $< 12$  years of age (Tablet formulation)
- Cohort IIB: Children  $\geq 6$  to  $< 12$  years of age (Granules)
- Cohort III - DT: Children  $\geq 2$  to  $< 6$  years of age (Dispersible Tablet)
- Cohort IV - DT: Children  $\geq 6$  months to  $< 2$  years (Dispersible Tablet)
- Cohort V - DT: Infants  $\geq 4$  weeks to  $< 6$  months (Dispersible Tablet)

# METHODS – ENROLLMENT\*

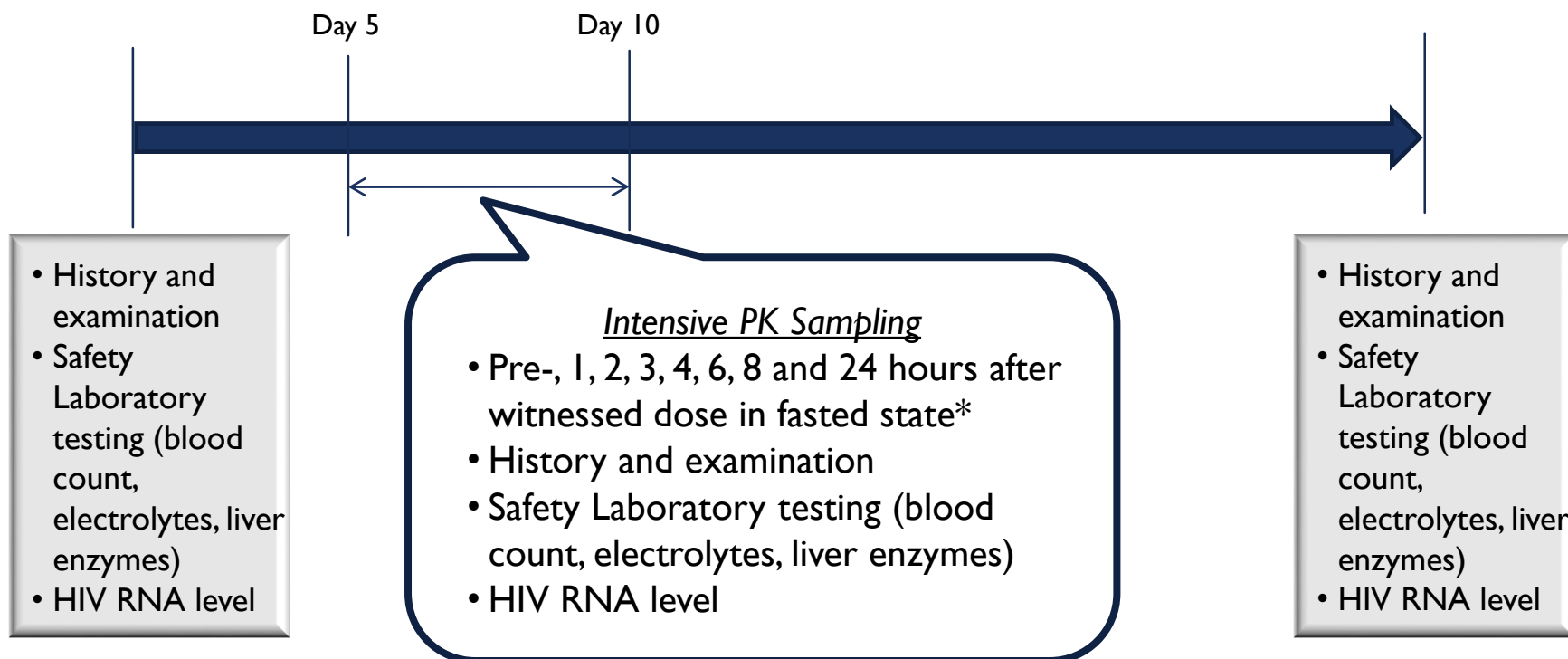
- Inclusion Criteria:
  - Within age range of cohort at time of entry
  - Antiretroviral Therapy (ART) Status:
    - ART-experienced and failing or off ART for  $\geq 4$  weeks
    - ART-naïve or have started ART  $< 4$  weeks prior to entry (if  $< 2$  years old)
  - HIV RNA  $> 1,000$  copies/ml
- Exclusion Criteria:
  - Current or recent ( $< 4$  weeks) co-morbidity or laboratory abnormality
  - Weight  $< 3$  kg
  - Maternal or participant exposure to integrase inhibitor
  - No receipt of Nevirapine in 14 days prior to enrollment (as PMTCT or treatment)

\* Per Version 4.0 of the protocol

# METHODS – STAGE I PK AND MONITORING

Enrollment

4 weeks



\* Instructed to not ingest breastmilk, formula or other high fat food/liquid 2 hours prior and 1 hour after dosing.

# PARTICIPANT CHARACTERISTICS

	<b>Cohort V-DT</b> (≥4 wk to <6 mo)	<b>Cohort IV-DT</b> (≥6 mo to <2 yr)	<b>Cohort III-DT</b> (≥2 yr to <6 yr)	<b>Total</b>
	(N=10)	(N=10)	(N=10)	(N=30)*
Sex				
Female	4	6	3	13 (43%)
Baseline Plasma HIV RNA (copies/mL)				
400 to < 5,000	3	1	2	6 (20%)
5,000 to <10,000	1	1	1	3 (10%)
10,000 to <25,000	0	1	1	2 (7%)
25,000 to <50,000	0	2	1	3 (10%)
≥ 50,000	6	5	5	16 (53%)
Baseline CD4 Cell Count (cells/mm <sup>3</sup> )				
≥500	10	10	10	30 (100%)
Baseline CD4 Percent				
≤14	0	1	2	3 (10%)
>14 to <25	5	5	1	11 (37%)
≥25	5	4	7	16 (53%)

<u>Countries</u>	
Botswana	3 (10%)
Brazil	1 (3%)
South Africa	7 (23%)
Tanzania	3 (10%)
Thailand	2 (7%)
USA	2 (7%)
Zimbabwe	12 (40%)

Number (%) of participants in each subcategory; \* 32 enrolled to achieve 30 evaluable.

# INITIAL DTG-DT DOSING TABLE

Weight Band (kg)	Dose* (mg)	Dose (mg/kg) for Weight Range	
		Lower Weight	Upper Weight
3 to < 6	5	1.67	0.83
6 to <10	10	1.67	1.00
10 to <14	15	1.50	1.07
14 to <20	15	1.79	1.25
20 to <25	20	1.50	1.20

\* Once daily

# INTENSIVE PK RESULTS FOR DTG-DT

Cohort (n=10 each)~	Age (yrs)^	Dose (mg/kg)^	AUC <sub>24h</sub> * (mg x h/L)	C <sub>24h</sub> * (ng/mL)
≥4 weeks to <6 months (Cohort V)	0.34 (0.28-0.39)	1.2 (0.9-1.7)	61 (44%)	1,207 (55%)
≥6 months to <2 years (Cohort IV)	1.2 (0.9-1.9)	1.2 (1.0-1.4)	51 (38%)	711 (60%)
≥2 years to <6 years (Cohort III)	4.0 (2.1-5.9)	1.1 (0.8-1.6)	40 (36%)	461 (59%)

Version 4.0  
Target (range)  
for Geometric  
Mean:

**AUC<sub>24h</sub> : 46**  
**(37-86)**  
**mg x h/L**

**C<sub>24h</sub> : 750**  
**(500-2260)**  
**ng/mL**

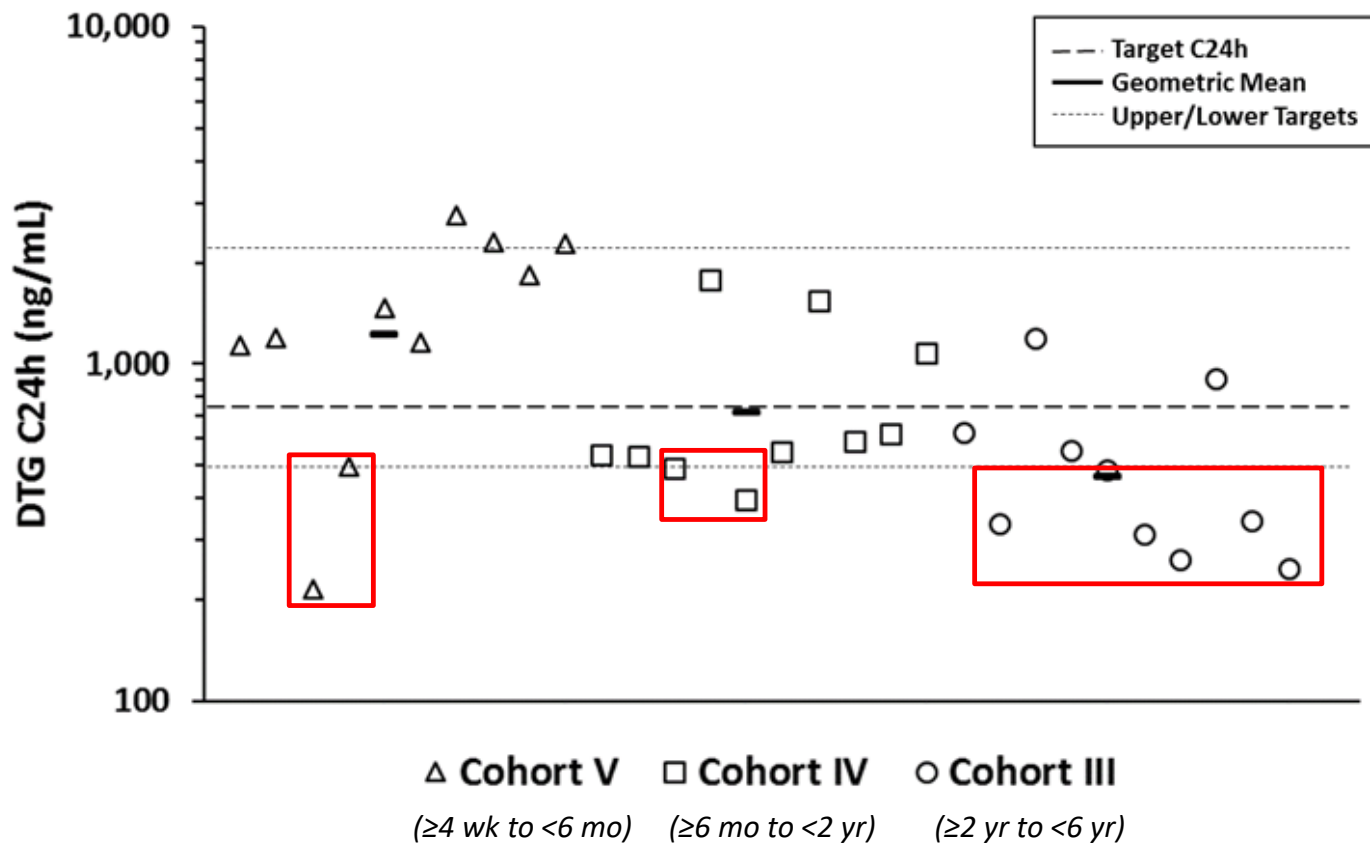
^ Median (range);

\* Geometric mean (arithmetic coefficient of variation %) of 24 hour area under the curve (AUC<sub>24h</sub>) and trough (C<sub>24h</sub>).

Note: Dispersible Tablets (DT) are 5mg each.



# DTG DT : 24 HOUR TROUGH BY COHORT



Version 4.0  
 Target (range)  
 for Geometric  
 Mean:

**C<sub>24h</sub> : 750  
 (500-2260)  
 ng/mL**

*Below target range  
 (<500 ng/mL)*

## 4 WEEK SAFETY – GRADE 3/4 ADVERSE EVENTS

- No Grade 3 or 4 adverse events (AE) attributed to study drug
- No study drug discontinuations

Cohort	AE Grade~	Week	Description	Outcome/explanation
V-DT	3	I	Low Phosphate	Grade 2 at baseline, then resolved
IV-DT*	3	I	Low Bicarbonate	Grade 3 at baseline
IV-DT*	4	4	Low Absolute Neutrophil Count	253 c/mm <sup>3</sup> but normal 2 days later
III-DT	3	I	Elevated Systolic Blood Pressure	Hypertension noted at baseline, providers suggested anxiety
III-DT	3	I	Low Bicarbonate	Grade 2 at baseline

~ DAIDS AE Grading Table, Version 1.0, December 2004, Clarification August 2009

\* Same participant

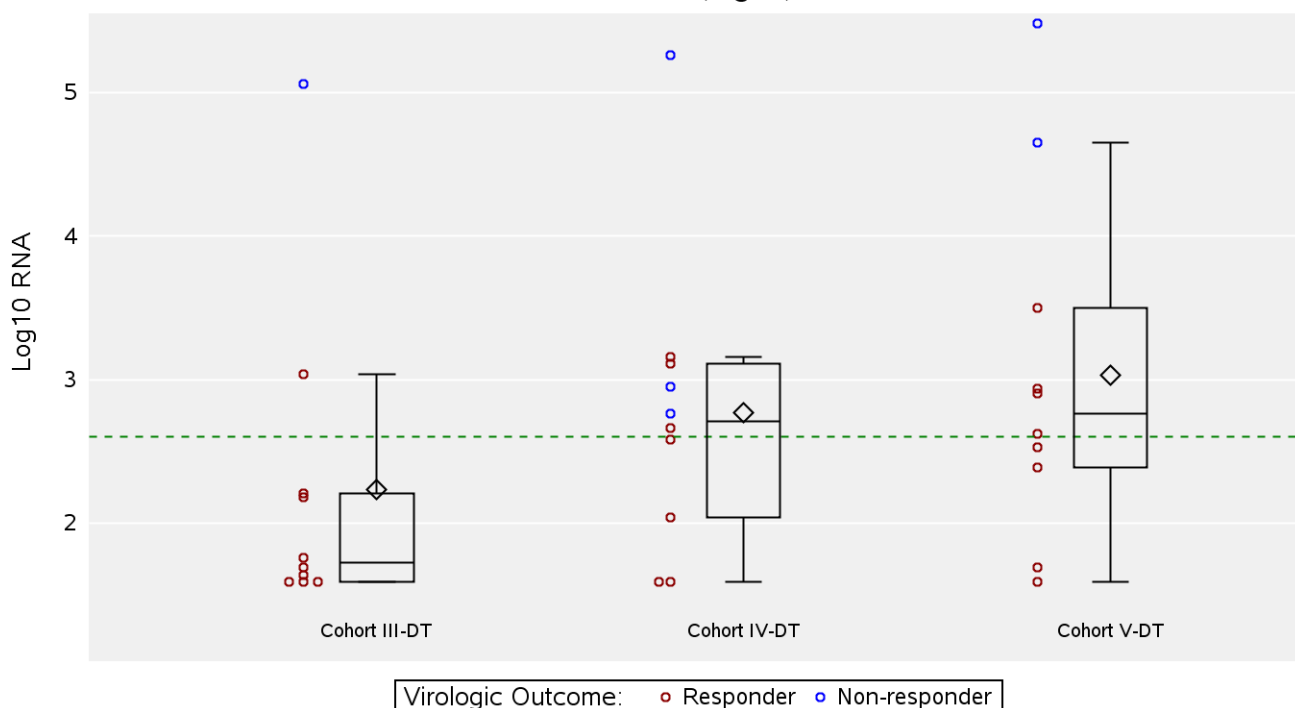
# FEASIBILITY, ACCEPTABILITY AND TOLERABILITY OF DTG DT

Cohort (N=10 participants in each cohort)	Problems with swirling, dispersing or drawing up?	Overall Taste Assessment?	Problems taking?
≥4 wk to <6 mo (V) <i>n=28 assessments</i>	Never: 28 “Infrequent/sometimes”: 0	Very good: 9 Fair/Pleasant: 18 Acceptable: 2 Very bad: 0	No: 28 Yes: 0
≥6 mo to <2 yr (IV) <i>n=32 assessments</i>	Never: 29 “Infrequent/sometimes”: 3	Very good: 7 Fair/Pleasant: 15 Acceptable: 8 Very bad: 2	No: 28 Yes: 4
≥2 yr to <6 yr (III) <i>n= 35 assessments</i>	Never: 34 “Infrequent/sometimes”: 1	Very good: 14 Good: 13 Average: 2 Very bad: 5	No: 33 Yes: 2

*\* Dispersible tablets were well-tolerated across all ages*

# 4 WEEK VIROLOGICAL OUTCOMES

WEEK 4 HIV-1 RNA (log<sub>10</sub>) BY COHORT



Each circle represents one participant in the study.  
 Responder is defined as having HIV-1 RNA < 400 copies/mL or greater than 2log<sub>10</sub> drop from baseline.  
 Green reference line is equal to log<sub>10</sub>(400).

At 4 weeks, 24/30 (80%) attained HIV-1 RNA of < 400 copies/ml or a > 2 log<sub>10</sub> decrease

## Background Regimens\*

ZDV/3TC	15
ABC/3TC	4
LPV/r + ZDV/3TC	6
LPV/r + ABC/3TC	3
LPV/r + D4T/3TC	1
LPV/r + 3TC	1
LPV/r + TDF	1

\* Optimized to ensure ≥ genotype-documented active agent

Diamond is mean, box is quartiles, whiskers are 1.5x interquartile range.

# KEY PK FINDINGS AND NEXT STEPS

## DTG DT FOR AGES 4 WEEKS TO 6 YEARS

- This dosing of DTG-DT resulted in geometric mean  $AUC_{24h}$  and  $C_{24h}$  generally within target ranges
- However children 6 mos to < 6 yrs of age demonstrated moderate inter-subject variability and some low individual  $C_{24h}$ 
  - *Higher doses now under study for those ages*
- Next protocol version allows for additional enrollments to ensure data adequate for WHO weight-band and age-based dosing

# CURRENT DTG-DT DOSING TABLE: P I 093

Age	Weight Band (kg)	Dose (mg)	Dose Range (mg/kg)	
			low weight	high weight
<b>≥ 4 weeks to &lt; 6 months of age</b>	3 to < 6	5	1.67	0.83
	6 to < 10	10	2.50	1.50
<b>≥ 6 months of age</b>	3 to < 6	10	3.33	1.67
	6 to < 10	15	2.50	1.50
	10 to < 14	20	2.00	1.43
	14 to < 20	25	1.79	1.25
	≥ 20	30	1.50	

*\* Due to greater bioavailability, the 30mg dispersible tablet is approximately equivalent to the 50mg film-coated tablets.*

# CONCLUSIONS: DTG DT FOR AGES 4 WEEKS TO 6 YEARS IN P1093

- Drug Exposures similar to adults can be achieved with the dispersible tablet formulation of dolutegravir in children aged 4 weeks to 6 years.
- The dispersible tablet formulation was well tolerated and easily administered by participants and their families
- Week 4 virologic outcomes suggest that DTG-DT plus standard background regimens will provide safe and potent treatment for children with HIV

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- P1093 Protocol Team
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- ***P1093 participants and their caregivers!***

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