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Switching from combination antiretroviral therapy to  
Dolutegravir MONotherapy in virologically  
suppressed HIV-1 infected adults:

A randomized multicenter, non-inferiority clinical trial

(DOMONO)

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2<sup>nd</sup> European HIV Clinical Forum: Integrase Inhibitors  
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# Introduction

cART is the standard. But is this still needed anno 2016?

Duo- or monotherapy:

Reduced toxicity, reduced costs, smaller pills.

PI maintenance monotherapy

- Meta-analysis (N=2303)<sup>1</sup>:
  - Viral suppression -8,3% [CI -11.9 tot -4.8%]
- PROTEA-study<sup>2</sup>:
  - Multivariate analysis W48:  
non-inferiority in subset with favorable virological/CD4 criteria.

<sup>1</sup> Arribas et al, HIV Med 2015

<sup>2</sup> Antinori et al, J Int AIDS Soc 2014

# Methods DOMONO

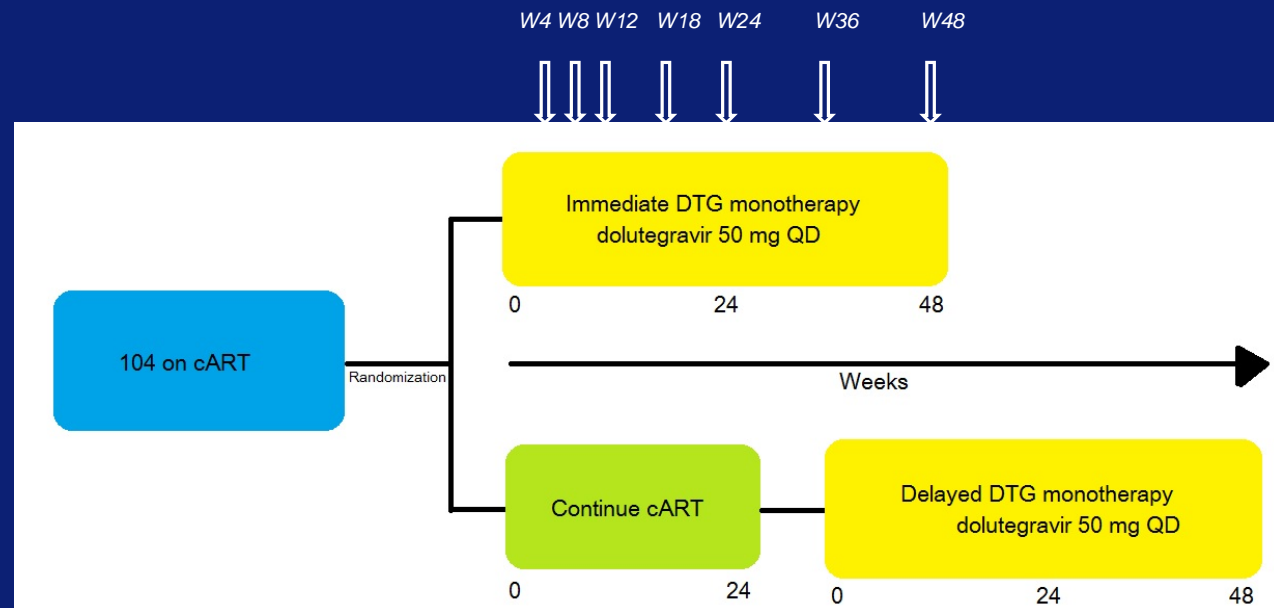
Randomized open label multicenter

Dolutegravir monotherapy 50 mg for 48 weeks with or without a meal.

If HIV-RNA becomes detectable (any level  $>20\text{c/ml}$ ) the patient is instructed to take DTG with a meal.

## Key inclusion:

- HIV-RNA  $< 1,0^5$
- CD4-nadir  $\geq 200$
- HIV-RNA  $<50 \geq 24\text{w}$
- Never failed
- No resistance
- HBV immune
- $>95\%$  estimated compliance



# Methods DOMONO

- **Primary endpoint:**

HIV-RNA <200 c/mL on W24 DTG versus cART

OT analysis: Excludes pts that discontinued for AE while suppressed

- **Secondary endpoints (virological):**

- HIV-RNA <50 on W24 in DTG versus con-cART
- HIV-RNA <200 and <50 at W12 in all patients (immediate + delayed switch)
- HIV-RNA <200 and <50 at W24 in all patients (immediate + delayed switch)
- HIV-RNA <200 and <50 at W48 in all patients (immediate + delayed switch)

- **Secondary endpoints (other):**

- Renal markers
- Bone mineral density in TDF subset (N=89)
- Immune activation
- HIV DNA reservoir

# Methods DOMONO

- Sample size  $N=104$  to show non-inferiority of DTG versus con-cART:
  - $P_a=P_b=0.95$        $\delta=-0.12$        $1-\beta=0.80$        $\alpha=0.025$

+/- 1700 patients  
screened for eligibility

360 fulfilled in/excl criteria

104 randomized

DTG monotherapy **DOLUMONO** N=51  
Continued - cART **Con-cART** N=53

170 opted out of study participation  
Agreed to have their data used  
= **Concurrent control group for week 48 results**

# Results - baseline

	DOLUMONO (N=51)	Con-cART (N=53)
Male sex, N(%)	47 (92)	48 (91)
Age, median (Q1,Q3)	46 (37-56)	45 (40-51)
Transmission route MSM, N(%)	41 (80)	41 (77)
Ethnicity Caucasian, N(%)	42 (82)	44 (83)
TDF, N(%)	44 (86)	45 (85)
Median (Q1,Q3) time on cART, months	35 (24-61)	43 (25-68)
Median (Q1,Q3) HIV-RNA zenith	21.500 (7.555-64.800)	27.800 (5.200-55.900)
Median (Q1,Q3) CD4 T-cell nadir	320 (250-490)	380 (285-515)

# Results primary endpoint:

## Week 24 <200 c/ml DOLUMONO versus cART

1/51 patients in DOLUMONO discontinued DTG at W12 (with HIV-RNA <50c/ml) for disturbed sleep.

DTG N=49/50 (98%)

cART N=.../53 (...%)

} *Results will be presented at HIV Glasgow\**



# Results secondary endpoint 4 and 5:

## Week 24 <200 and <50 c/ml ENTIRE STUDY population on DOLUMONO

- In DOLUMONO, 50 reached W24.
- In Con-cART, 46 switched to DOLUMONO, of whom 35 reached W24.
- In total: 85 patients switched to DOLUMONO and reached W24.

Reason for not switching:

N=1 Moved away from Rotterdam    N=1 Withdrew informed consent

N=3 Physician decision                      N=2 Other

HIV-RNA <200 c/ml in 83/85 (98%, 95% C.I.\* 91%-99%)

HIV-RNA <50 c/ml in 79/85 (93%, 95% C.I.\* 85%-97%)

\* 95% CI according to Agresti and Coull

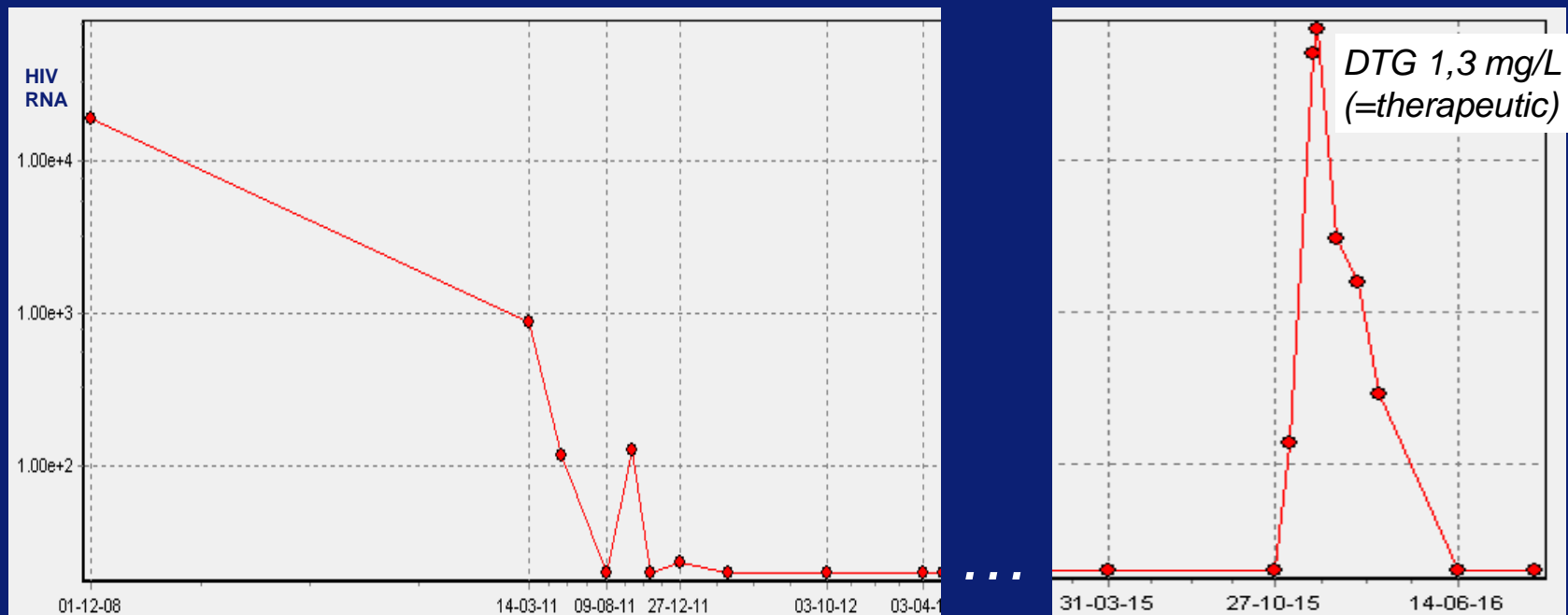
# Virological failures

## The single patient with virologic failure in the DOLUMONO group:

- Had nadir CD4 of 290 and peak HIV-RNA of 18.500 c/ml
- Was on cART for 4 years (RPV/FTC/TDF) when he switched to DTG
- HIV-RNA at W4 on DTG monotherapy: 50.100 c/ml (71.600 c/ml at W5)
- 100% compliance by pill-count + DTG plasma levels of 1.3mg/L
  
- IN sequence at failure: no known IN mutations
- IN changes observed: V/I32I, L/S45L, T112A
- Phenotypic resistance testing is ongoing
- Restarted RPV/TDF/FTC and is <50c/ml again

=> No loss of future treatment options

*NVP/FTC/TDF => RPV/FTC/TDF => DTG => RPV/FTC/TDF*



# Virological failures

## The patient with virological failure from the Con-cART group:

- Had nadir CD4 of 220 and peak HIV-RNA of 7.420 c/ml
  - Was on cART for 9 years and on EFV/TDF/FTC when he switched to DTG
  - HIV-RNA after 12 wks of DTG monotherapy: 387 (678c/ml at week 13)
  - 90% compliance by pill-count in the 4 weeks preceding failure
  - Had therapeutic DTG plasma levels of 2.0mg/L
  
  - Integrase sequencing not successful
  - Restarted EFV/TDF/FTC 4 weeks ago; HIV-RNA 13-10-2016 99 c/ml
- => Loss of future treatment options unlikely

# Conclusions

In patients selected on virological, immunological and good compliance criteria switching to dolutegravir monotherapy is a promising treatment option.

However:

2 of 85 patients had VF at week 24

But little if any loss of future treatment options

Longer follow-up needed for more definite conclusions!

- ➔ *Week 48 results of DTG monotherapy of all 96 patients*
- ➔ *Week 48 results of cART of 170 concurrent control patients*

## Erasmus MC:

B Rijnders



C Rokx, C Boucher, J Van Kampen, D De Vries – Sluijs, K Schurink, H Bax, M Derksen, E Andrinopoulou, S Diepstraten-Pas, M Van der Ende, E Van Gorp, J Nouwen, A Verbon

## UMCG:

W Bierman



***104 brave and motivated patients !***