

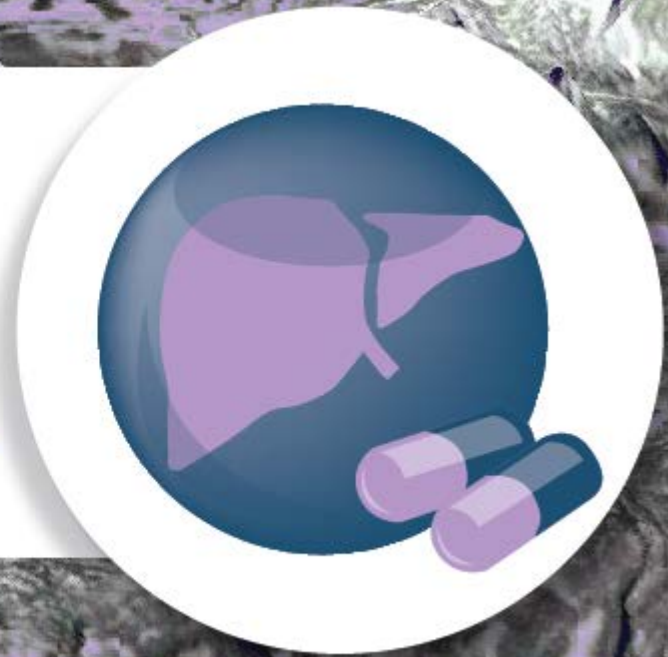
3<sup>RD</sup>

# OPTIMIZE

USING DAAS IN PATIENTS WITH CIRRHOSIS  
AND LIVER RECIPIENTS

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## Treatment of Hepatitis C Recurrence after Liver Transplantation

Maria Carlota Londoño

Liver Unit

Hospital Clínic Barcelona

# Agenda

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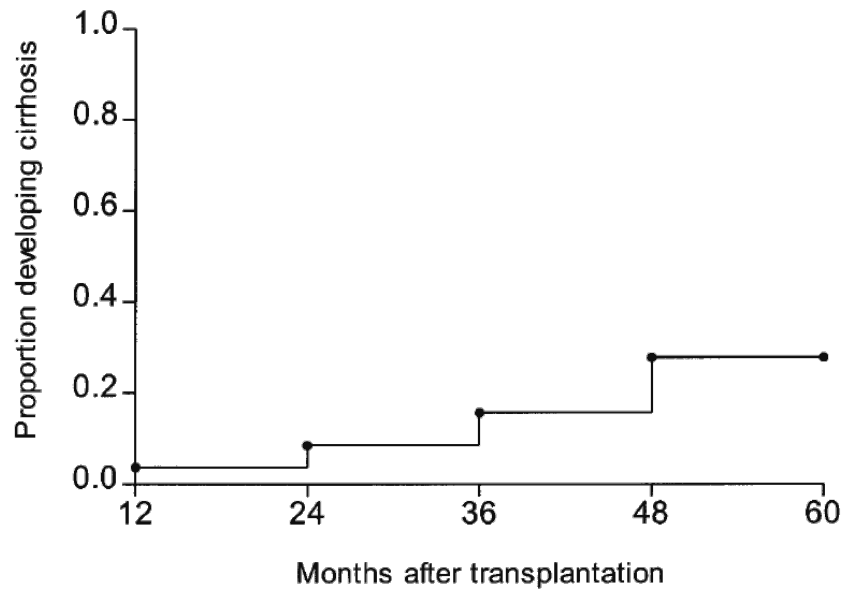
## 1. Introduction

## 2. Treatment options for hepatitis C recurrence after transplantation

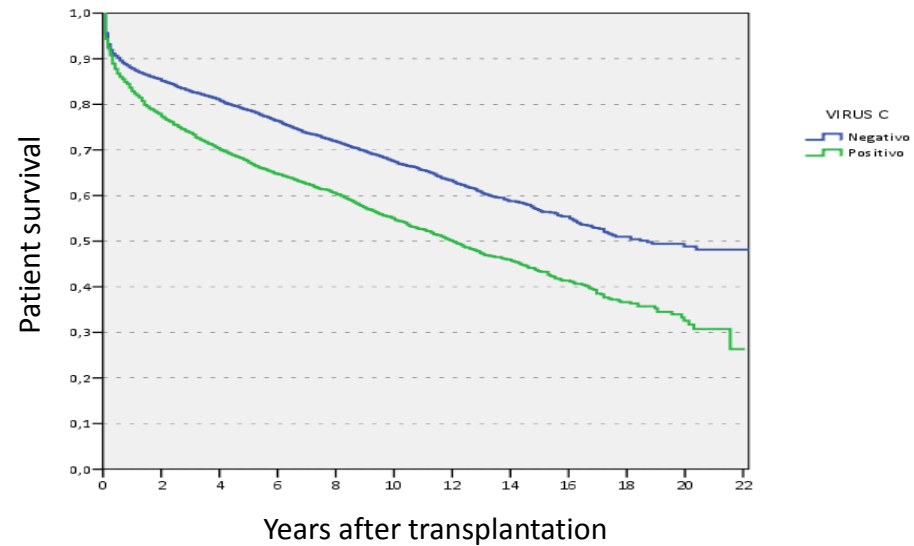
- Clinical trials
- Real life cohorts

## 3. Unsolved issues

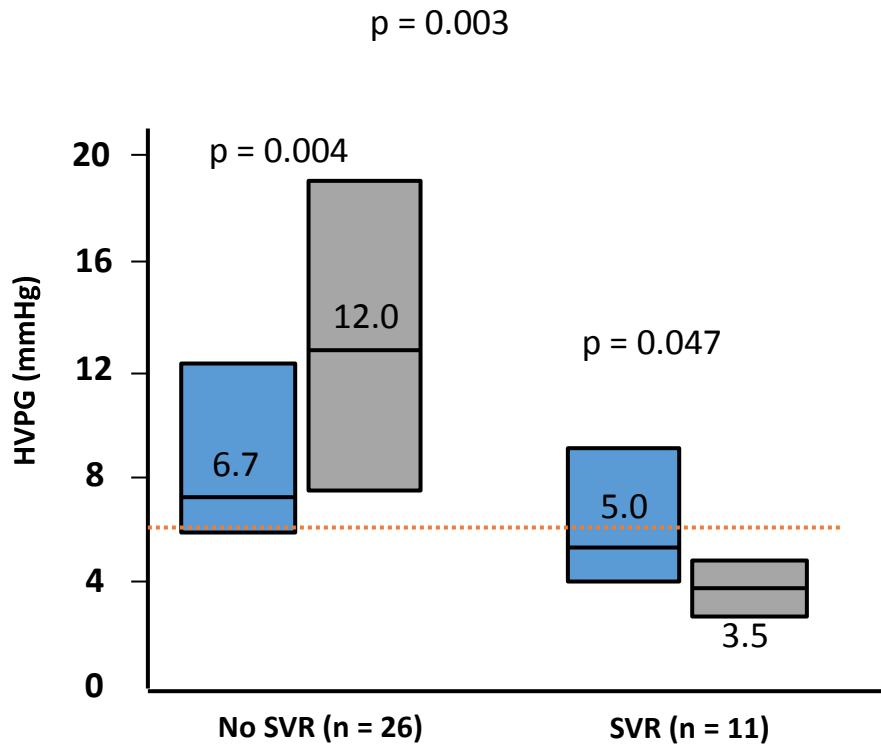
# Hepatitis C and Liver Transplantation



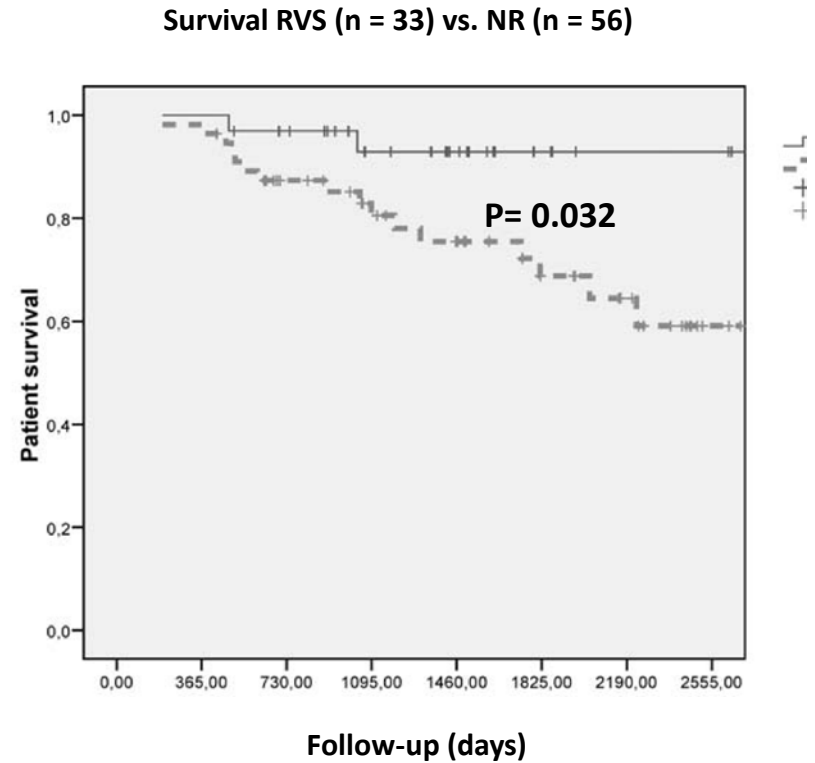
Prieto et al, Hepatology 1999



# Hepatitis C and Liver Transplantation



Carrion JA, et al. Gastroenterology 2007



Berenguer M et al, Am J Transpl 2008

# Agenda

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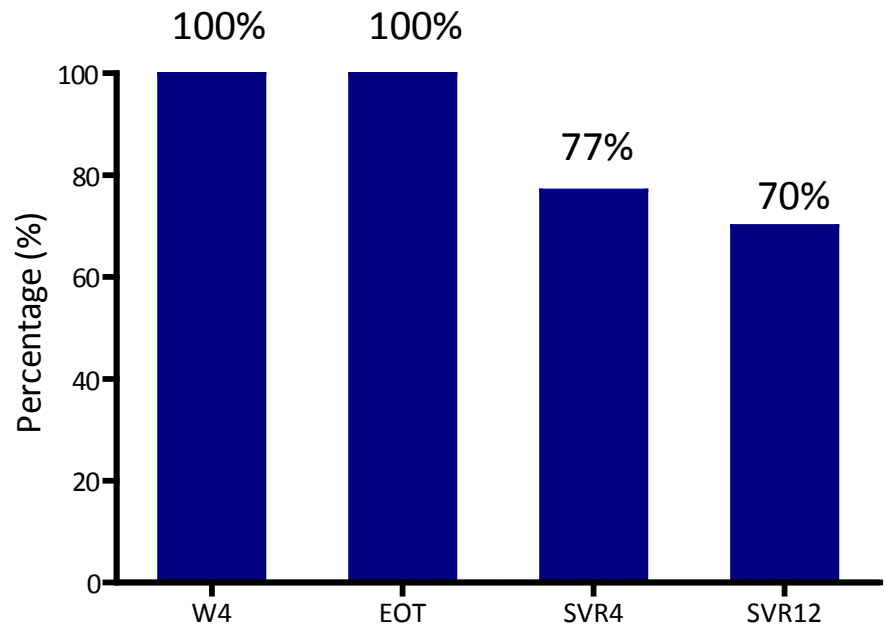
## 2. Treatment options for hepatitis C recurrence after transplantation

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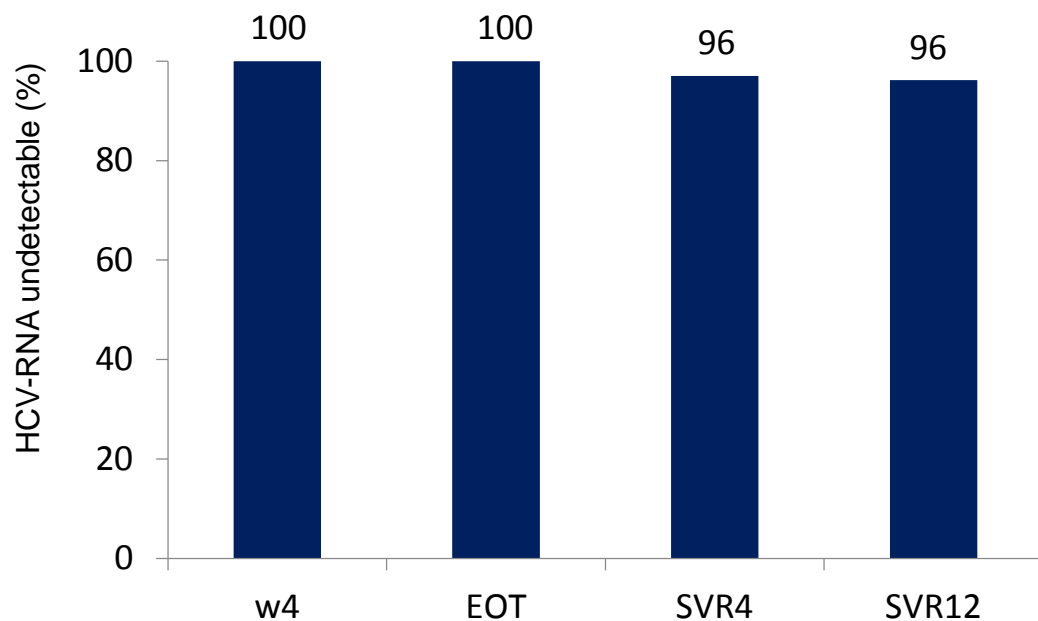
# Sofosbuvir + RBV

- 40 LT recipients (>6mo)
- 33 were G1
- 16 cirrhotics
- DC due to AE =2
- Relapse 9 patients



# Ombitasvir/Paritaprevir/r + Dasabuvir + RBV

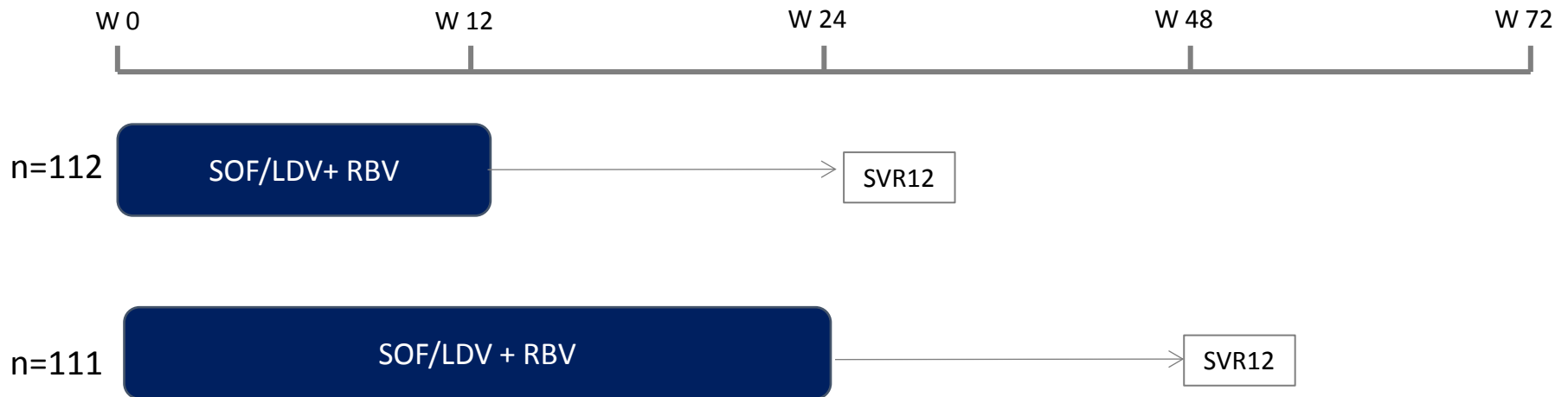
- Mild-Moderate fibrosis (F0-F2) → n=34
- G1a → 85%



Anemia	<b>17%</b>
Rejection	0
Renal Impairment	0
Early Discontinuation	<b>3%</b>
SAEs	<b>6%</b>
Deaths	0

- CNI adjustment (Tac 0.5mg/w and CyA 1/5 of previous dose)

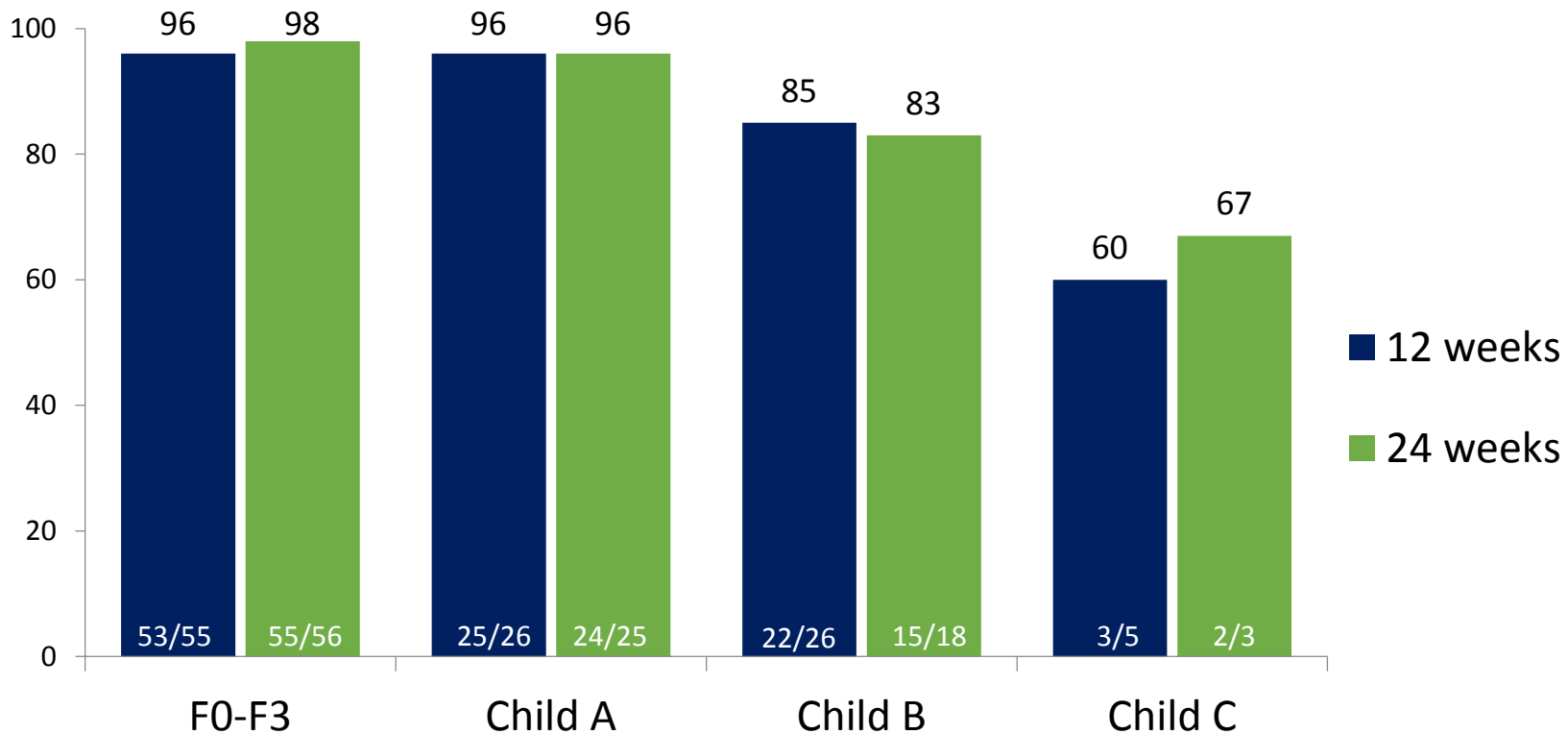
# Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir + RBV



Randomized trial (1:1), Genotype 1 or 4, naïve or treatment experienced  
F0-F3, Child A, B, C

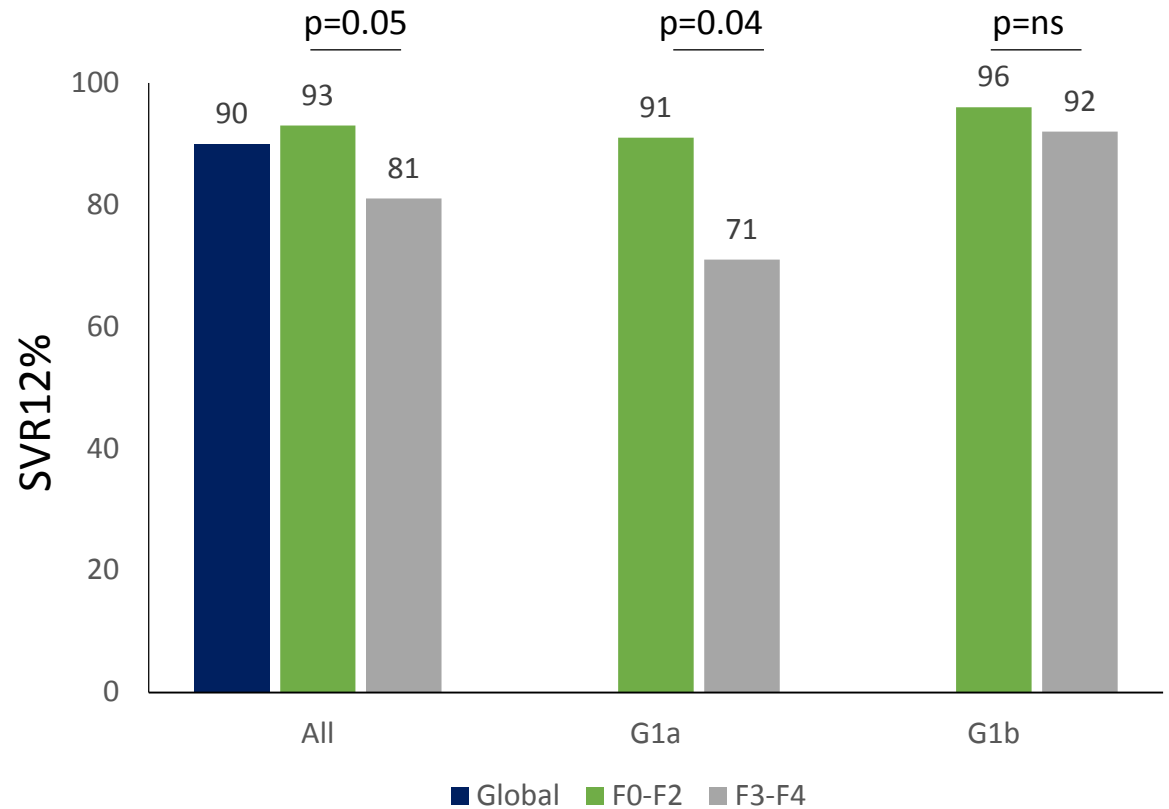


# Ledipasvir/Sofosbuvir + RBV



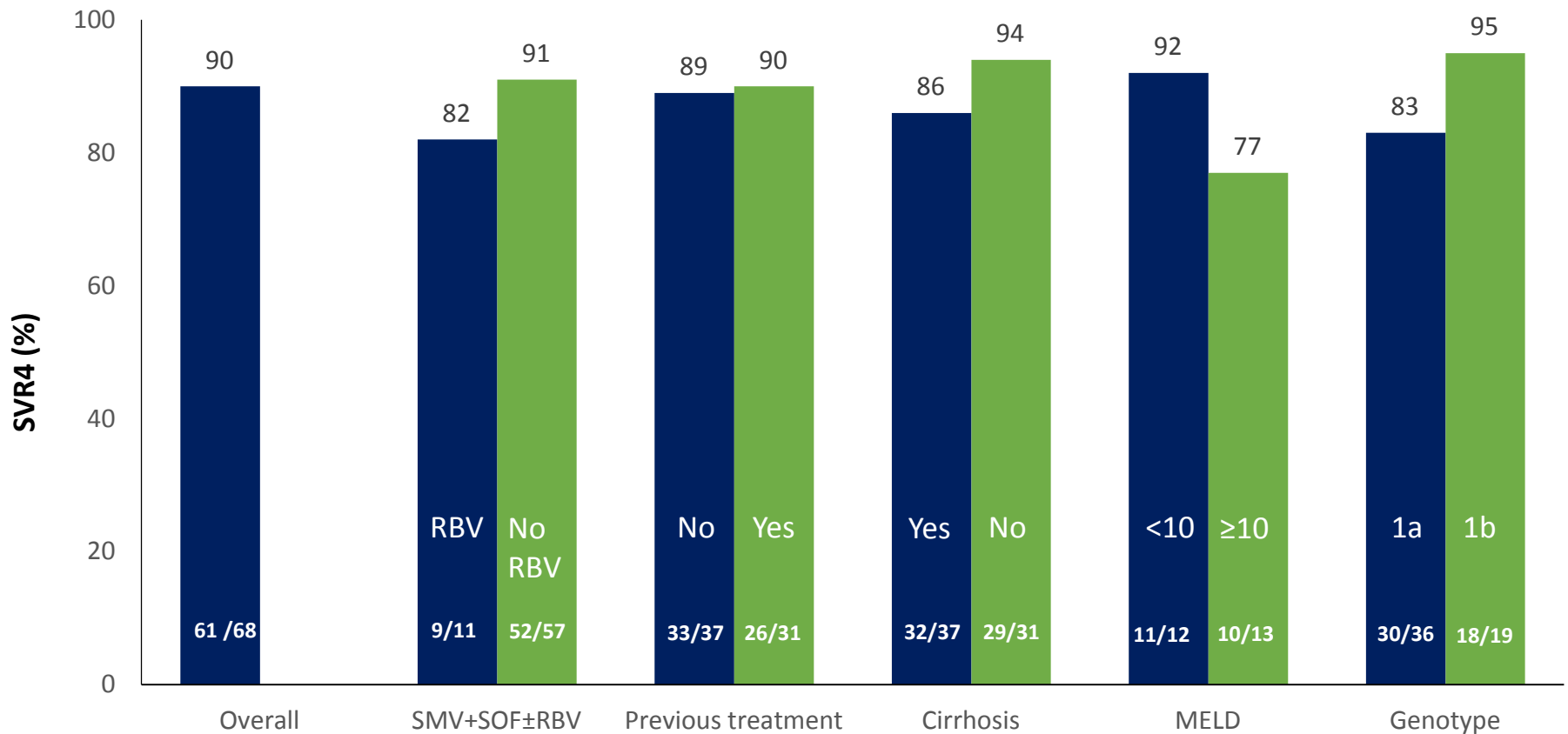
# Sofosbuvir + Simeprevir $\pm$ RBV

- 123 LT recipients
- 105 with SVR12 data
- 30% F3-F4
- 82% treatment-experienced
- 12% PI failure



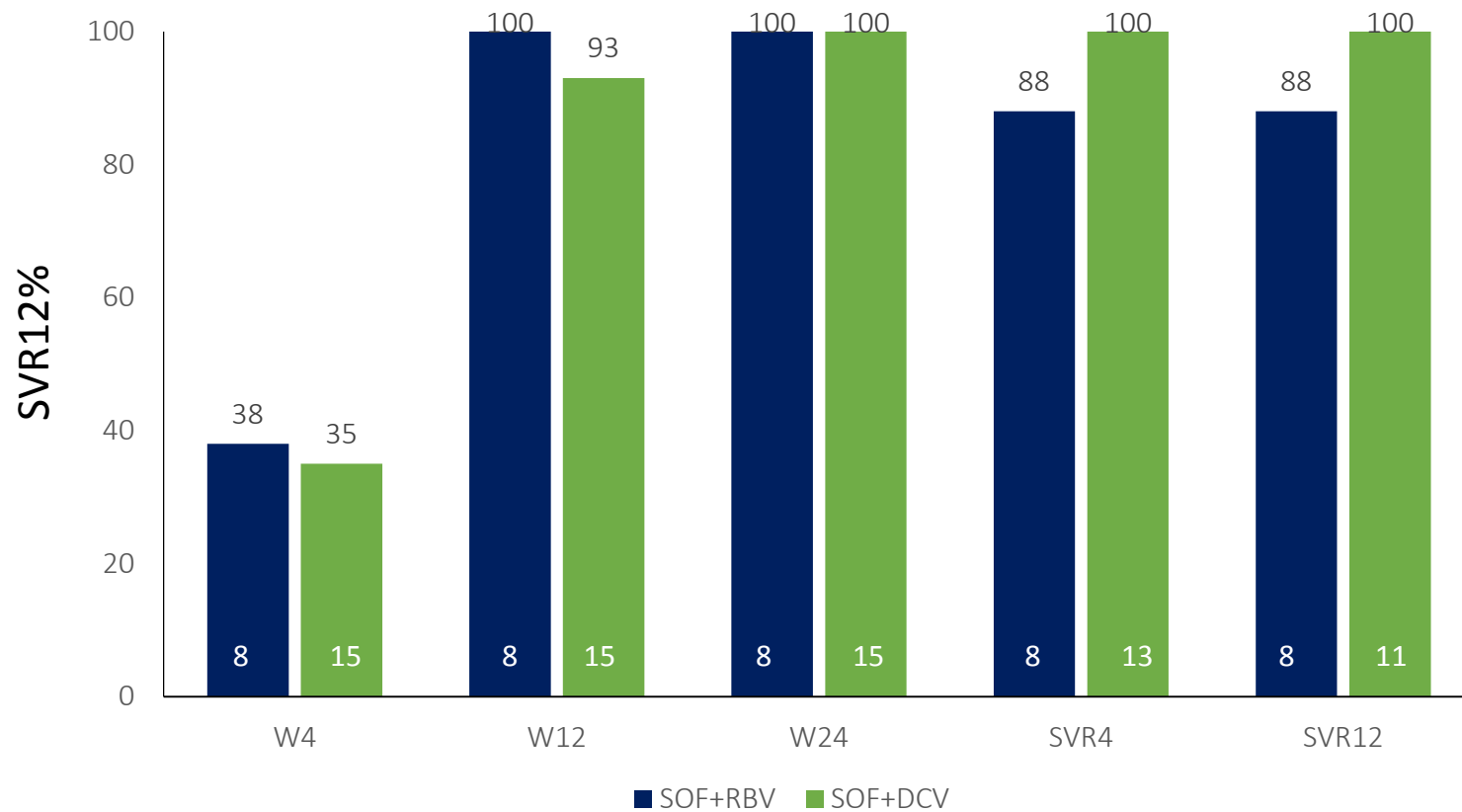
# Sofosbuvir + Simeprevir ± RBV

143 LT recipients, >60% with cirrhosis, >20% with MELD>10, including PI failures

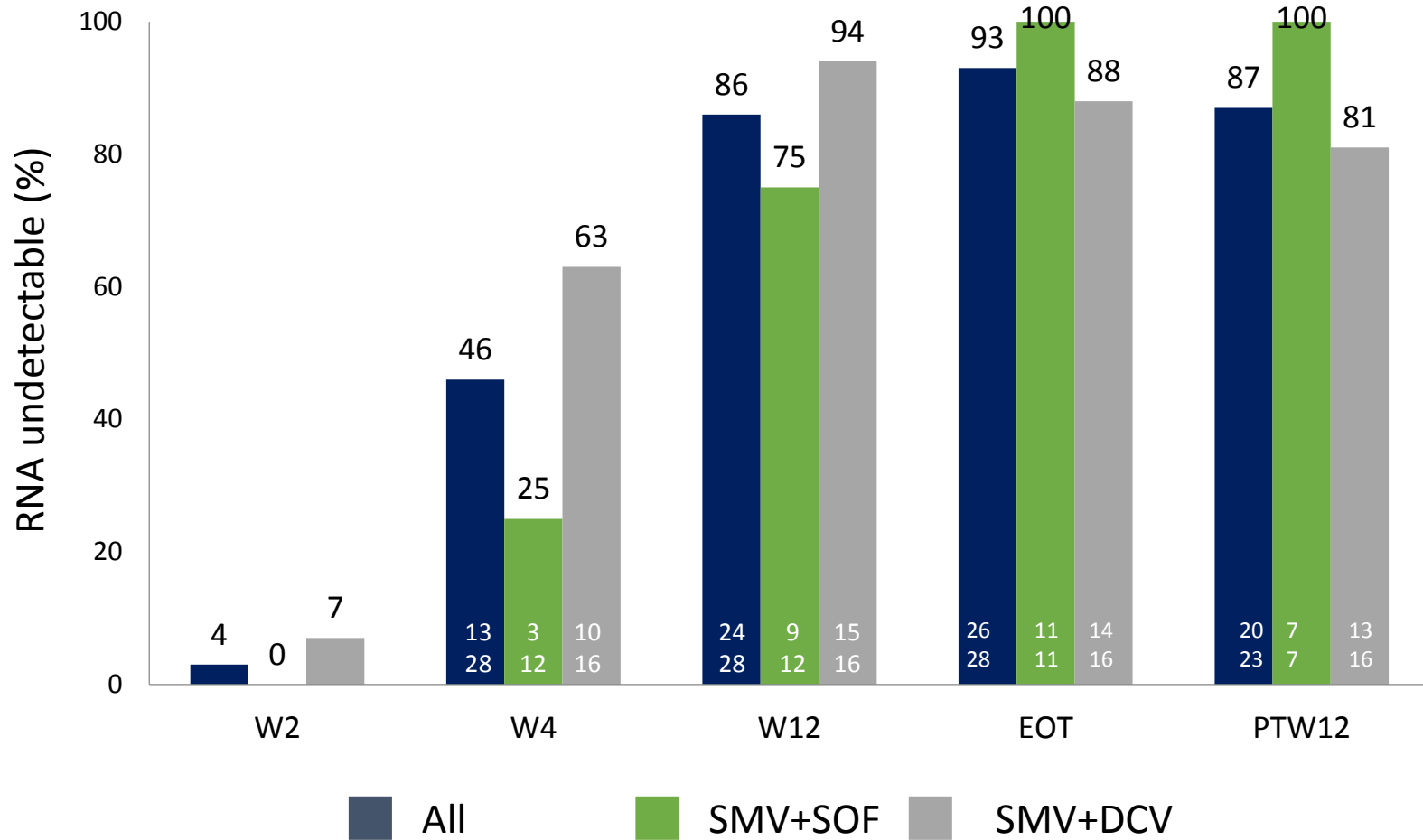


# Sofosbuvir + Daclatasvir $\pm$ RBV

- CULPIT cohort, 23 patients with FCH



# Simeprevir + Daclatasvir $\pm$ RBV



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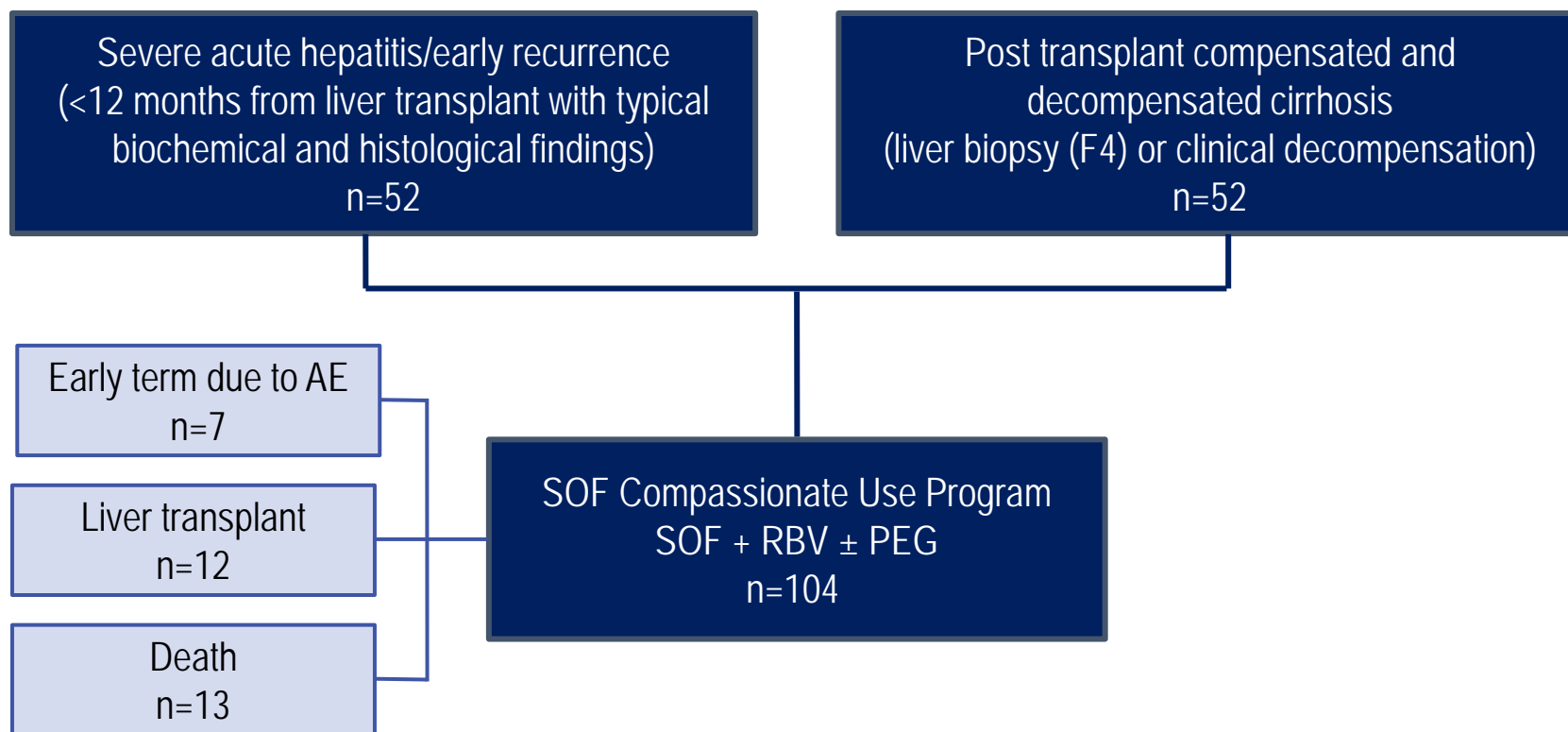
# Treatment After Liver Transplant: Unsolved Issues

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- Which is the right time to start antiviral therapy? Is pre-emptive therapy a good option?
- Is there a point where we might be able to eradicate HCV but not to revert liver cirrhosis (liver function, portal hypertension)?
- Which one is the best regimen?

# Treatment After Liver Transplant: Unsolved Issues

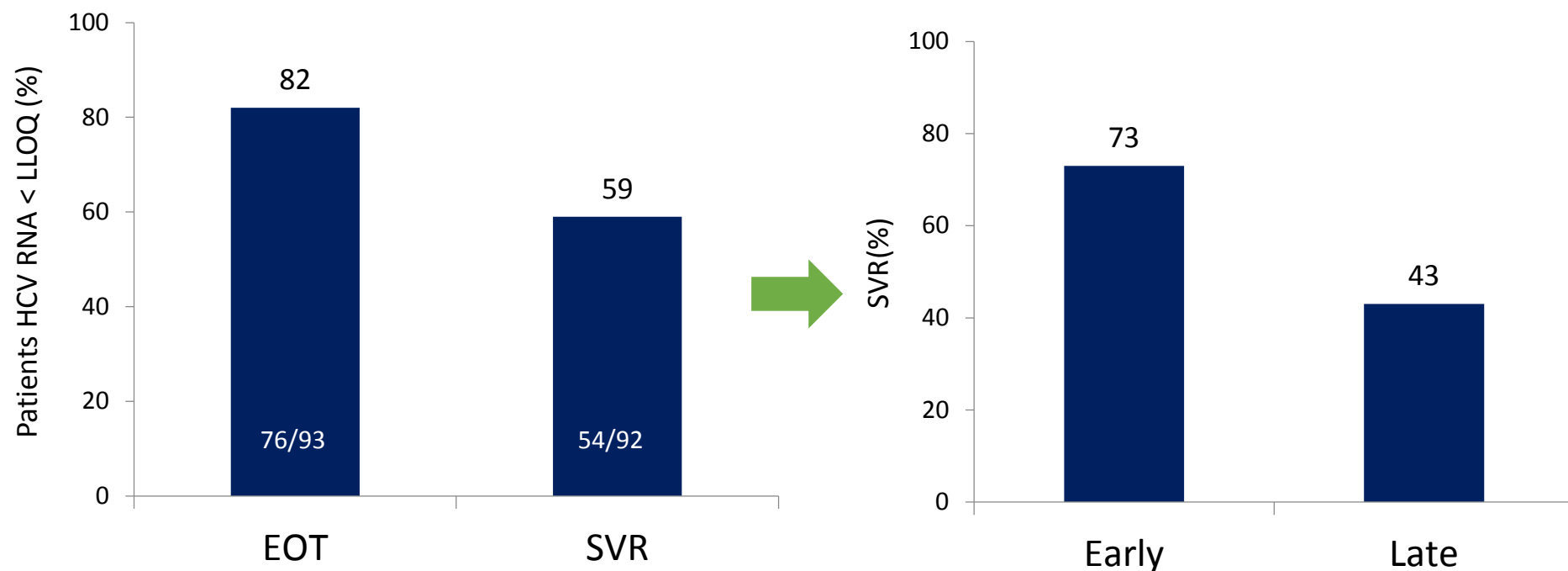
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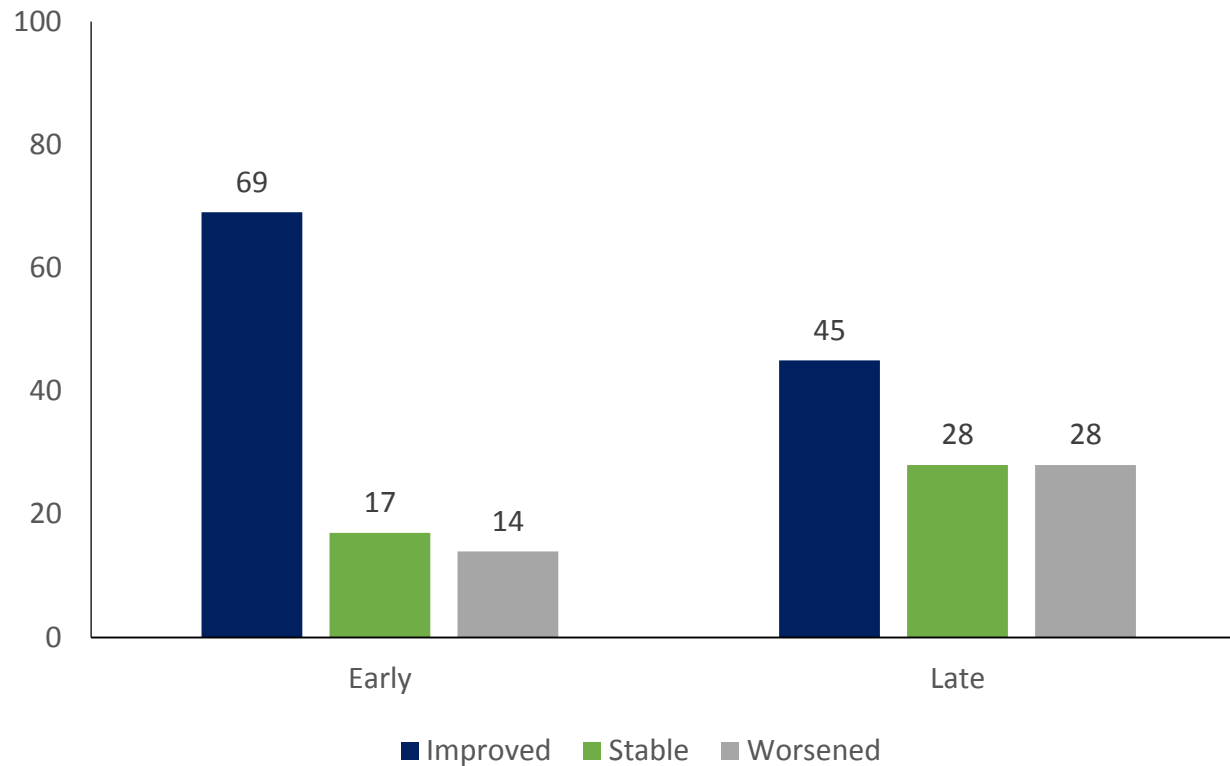
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# Treatment After Liver Transplant: Unsolved Issues

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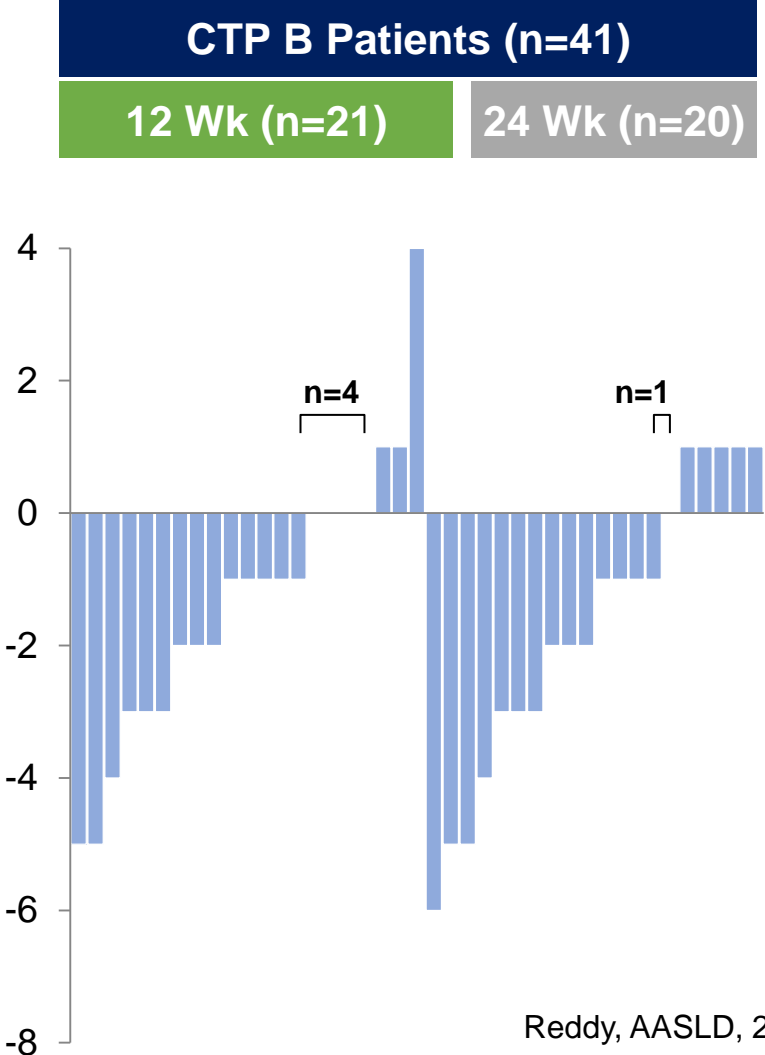
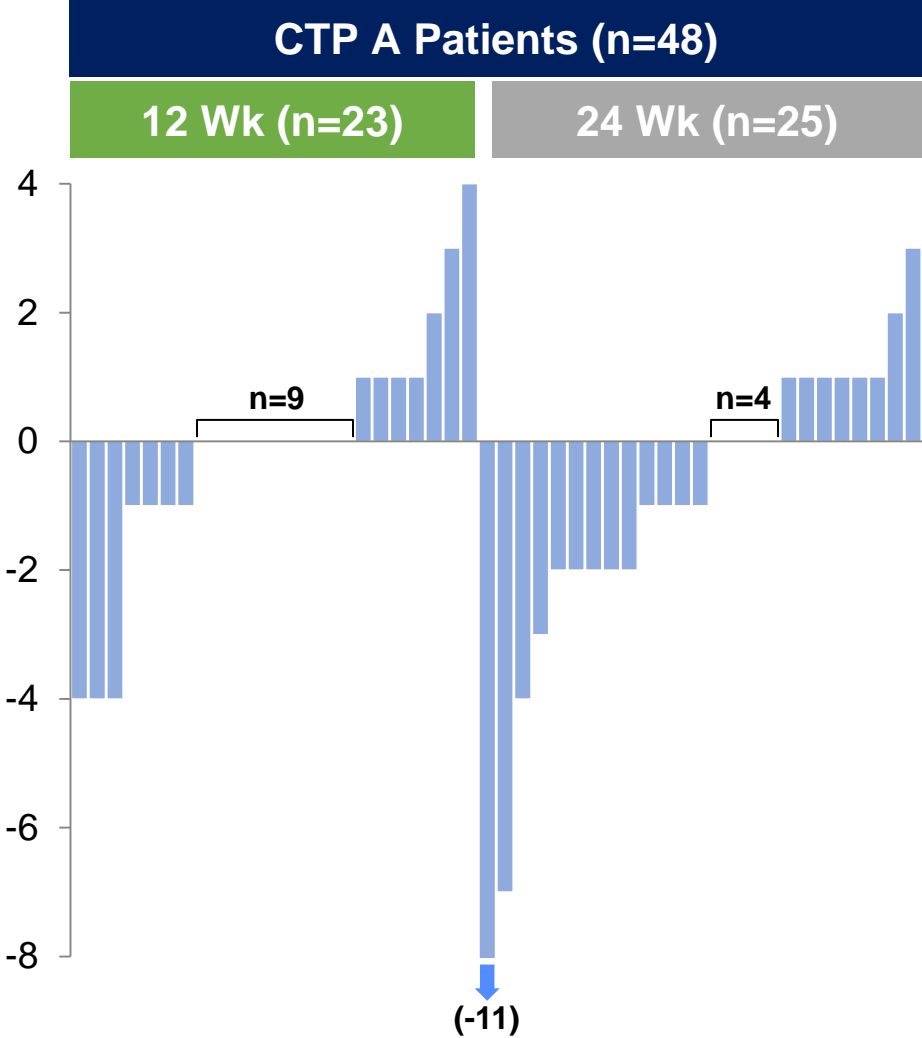
# Treatment After Liver Transplant: Unsolved Issues

- Is pre-emptive therapy a good option?

Type of therapy	Advantages	Disadvantages
Pre-emptive	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. It may prevent the infection of the graft</li><li>2. It may prevent the development of liver fibrosis</li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Difficult administration (renal function, potential for DDI, ability to take oral medications)</li><li>2. No data on safety and efficacy with DAAs.</li></ol>

# Treatment After Liver Transplant: Unsolved Issues

- Is there a no-return point?



# Treatment After Liver Transplant: Unsolved Issues

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- Which one is the best regimen?
  - The degree of liver dysfunction
  - Renal function
  - Drug-drug interactions

# Treatment After Liver Transplant: Unsolved Issues

- Which one is the best regimen?

DRUG	METABOLISM/ ELIMINATION	CIRRHOSIS			RENAL FAILURE
		CTP-A	CTP-B	CTP-C	
Sofosbuvir	Kidney	yes	yes	yes	No if CrCl < 30 mL/min
Simeprevir	Liver	yes	yes	no	yes
Paritaprevir/r	Liver	yes	yes	no	yes
Ledipasvir	Liver	yes	yes	yes	yes
Ombitasvir	Liver	yes	yes	yes	yes
Daclatasvir	Liver	yes	yes	yes	yes
Dasabuvir	Liver	yes	yes	yes	yes

# Treatment After Liver Transplant: Unsolved Issues

- Which one is the best regimen? Drug-drug interactions?

	Cyclosporine		Tacrolimus	
	Healthy volunteers	Dose adjustment	Healthy volunteers	Dose adjustment
Sofosbuvir	No change	Not necessary	No change	Not necessary
Simeprevir	↑ SMV 19%	Under investigation	↓17%	Not necessary
Daclatasvir	No change	Not necessary	No change	Not necessary
Ledipasvir	No change	Not necessary	No change	Not necessary
Paritaprevir/r	↑ 5.8 fold	↓ 5 fold	↑ 58 fold	↓ 100 fold

# Conclusions

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- After liver transplantation, antiviral therapy administered in patients with mild fibrosis stages achieves higher response rates as compared to patients with cirrhosis and decompensation.
- The election of antiviral regimen should be based on patients characteristics (liver function, immunosuppression, renal function).
- The use of pre-emptive therapy needs further investigation.
- It is currently unknown if there is a no-return point in which antiviral therapy should not be administered.